

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:**

Please replace the claims with the claims provided in the listing below wherein status, amendments, additions and cancellations are indicated.

1.-3.(Cancelled)

4.(Currently Amended) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 7 or 8, having an interface between the convex surface of the preparatory lens and the resin adhered to the convex surface of the preparatory lens wherein at least a part of a step generated on a boundary surface the interface by [[in]] a peripheral edge portion of the small lens is constituted by chamfered with a curved surface having a curvature lower than the curvature by portions of the small lens other than the peripheral edge portion in order to prevent a boundary surface between the edge of the small lens ~~and the lens~~ from being conspicuous.

5.(Currently Amended) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 4 7 or 8, wherein at least one property for reducing a reflected light selected from coloring, matting and antireflection is given to a surface constituting of the step generated on the boundary surface of the peripheral edge portion of the small lens.

6.(Cancelled)

7.(Currently Amended) A bifocal plastic lens ~~including~~ comprising a small lens for short-range view,

wherein a preparatory lens member having the small lens protruded on a convex surface side is molded ~~previously employing a high-refractive~~ from a resin comprising an episulfide resin having a refractive index of not smaller than 1.66 (nd) and another resin having a lower refractive index compared with the preparatory lens member is cast and cured so as to adhere to the surface provided with the small lens of the preparatory lens member and to be integrated with the preparatory lens member, resulting in that all over the surface provided with the small lens is covered by the resin having lower refractive index and the small lens is taken incorporated into the resulting integrated bifocal lens in such a manner that the small lens does not cause a protrusion to form on any external surface of the resulting bifocal lens ~~a protruded surface~~,

and a concave surface side of the preparatory lens member is employed as a surface ~~to regulate~~ having a corrective refractive power.

8.(Cancelled)

9.(Currently Amended) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 7 or 8, wherein the resin adhered to preparatory lens member is dyed.

10.(New) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 7, further comprising a step, the small lens being truncated thereby forming a truncated edge, the step provided along the truncated edge of the small lens between the convex surface side of the preparatory lens and the resin adhered to the convex surface side of the preparatory lens, the step comprised of material having a refractive index such that a light ray incident on the step is reflected, and the curvature of the step is less than the curvature of the small lens.

11.(New) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 7, wherein along a peripheral edge portion of the small lens at an interface between the surface of the preparatory lens and the resin adhered to the convex surface of the preparatory lens the interface is characterized by a step with one or two radiused corners.

12.(New) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 10, wherein the step at an interface between the step and the preparatory lens is characterized by a matte boundary surface.

13.(New) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 10, wherein the step is colored.

14.(New) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 4, wherein the chamfered curved surface has a curvature between 0.1 and 1 mm.

15.(New) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 4, wherein the chamfered curved surface is along the entire periphery of the small lens.

16.(New) The bifocal plastic lens according to claim 4, wherein the preparatory lens consists of a single layer of resin.

17.(New) A bifocal plastic lens, comprising  
a bench lens comprised of resin having a refractive index of not less than 1.66 (nd), the bench lens having a first side surface which is convex, the first side surface having a concavity along a portion thereof;  
a small lens having a lower refractive index compared with the bench lens member is cast and cured so as to adhere to the first side surface in the concavity and the small lens is incorporated into the resulting bifocal lens in such

a manner that the small lens does not cause a protrusion to form on the first side surface of the resulting bifocal lens.

18.(New) The bifocal lens of claim 7, wherein the concave side of the bifocal lens may be ground to adjust a corrective power of the bifocal lens.

19.(New) The bifocal lens of claim 7, wherein the difference in the refractive index of the prepatory lens and the other resin is greater than or equal to 0.143.